Security 1° Semester, 2010/11

1° Test November 9, 2010

- All question have the same grade.
- Total time is 1 hour and 30 minutes
- 1. Consider the concept of stack smashing attack:
 - a. Explain which is the vulnerability of the C language the is exploited in such attack.
 - b. Give two ways for detecting its occurrence in run-time.
- 2. Explain the general operation model of a stream cipher, including cipher and decipher operations, and complete the explanation with a diagram.
- 3. CFS (*Cryptographic File System*) uses a combination of cipher modes, namely ECB (*Electronic Code Book*) and OFB (*Output Feedback*). Explain why.
- 4. Explain why the CTR (*Counter Mode*) cipher mode has uniform random access, the OFB (*Output Feedback*) cipher mode usually does not possesses it and the CFB (*Cipher Feedback*) cipher mode only possesses it when deciphering.
- 5. Explain the general exploitation model of an asymmetric cipher (e.g. RSA) in the secure communication (confidential communication) between two entities.
- 6. Considering the 3 properties that good digest functions should have, two of them are critical for its exploitation in the generation and validation of digital signatures. Explain:
 - a. Which ones are those properties?
 - b. Why are they critical?
- 7. Consider the MAC (Message Authentication Code) concept:
 - a. What is the application purpose of a MAC?
 - b. Give two ways for compute it.
- 8. Consider the concept of certification hierarchies. Explain:
 - a. What are they?
 - b. What is the relevance, for them, of root self-certified certificates?
- 9. Explain of is the added value of using the Portuguese Cartão de Cidadão for implementing an infrastructure for generating and validating digital signatures by Portuguese citizens?
- 10. Consider the concept of lifetime of an asymmetric key pair. Explain:
 - a. Which mechanism exist to control their lifetime?
 - b. Describe in a simple way the policies they may govern each of the mechanisms.