## Task 1:

1. Create a pure abstract class CFigure which includes two methods: double Area(), double Perimeter(). Implement a pure virtual destructor. Try to create an instance of the class CFigure. What happens?
2. Construct classes CCircle, CRectangle, and CSquare. Decide how to organize the class hierarchy and which members the classes should include. Implement functions Area and Perimeter. For calculating the area and perimeter of a circle you will need the value of PI $=3.14159$. This value is a constant which is shared by all the objects of the class CCircle. Arrange a way of knowing how many instances of classes CCircle, CRectangle and CSquare do exist (implement for such a purpose function Count, do not separate figures of different types when counting). Redefine the operator $>$ to compare two figures (on the basis of their areas).
3. Implement two global functions (DisplayAreas and DisplayPerimeters) each of which receives an array of pointers to CFigure and an unsigned value indicating the total number of pointers in the array. The function DisplayAreas displays the area of each figure and the function DisplayPerimeters displays perimeters. Test your classes and functions with the following main function:
```
int main()
{
    {
        CCircle c1(5); CRectangle r1(2, 3); CSquare s1(4);
        CFigure* pContainer1[] = { &c1, &r1, &s1 } ;
        CFigure::Count();
        CCircle c2(15); CRectangle r2(3, 5);
        CFigure* pContainer2[] = { &c2, &r2 };
        CFigure::Count();
        DisplayAreas(pContainer1, sizeof (pContainer1) /
                            sizeof (*pContainer1));
        DisplayAreas(pContainer2, sizeof (pContainer2) /
        sizeof (*pContainer2));
        cout << (*pContainer1[0] > *pContainer1[1]) << endl;
        cout << (*pContainer1[1] > *pContainer1[2]) << endl;
        DisplayPerimeters(pContainer1, sizeof (pContainer1) /
                            sizeof (*pContainer1));
        DisplayPerimeters(pContainer2, sizeof (pContainer2) /
        sizeof (*pContainer2));
        CCircle new_c = c1;
        new_c = c2;
        CFigure::Count();
    }
    CFigure::Count();
    return 0;
}
```

