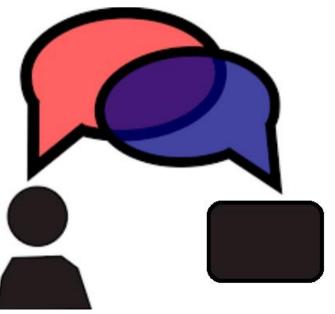
Universidade de Aveiro Departamento de Electrónica, Telecomunicações e Informática

Other Interaction/Dialog Styles



Beatriz Sousa Santos, 2015/2016

Interaction/ Dialog styles

A possible classification:

Ubuntu is configured with SSH and VNC

low enter the screen size you want in

lease select which Desktop environmen

type the number to select it then

15 🚽

Calibr

Save (Ctrl+S)

File

be accessed from the IP: th0: No such device

0x480), followed by [ENTER]:

300x480

- LXDE - Gnose

lake your Selection:

- Menus
- Direct manipulation
- Fill-in-forms
- Function keys
- Question and answer
- Command languages
- Natural languages
- 3D interfaces
- Multimodal interfaces ...
- Often two or more styles are used simultaneously
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Interaction/ **Dialog styles**

A possible classification:

be accessed from the IP

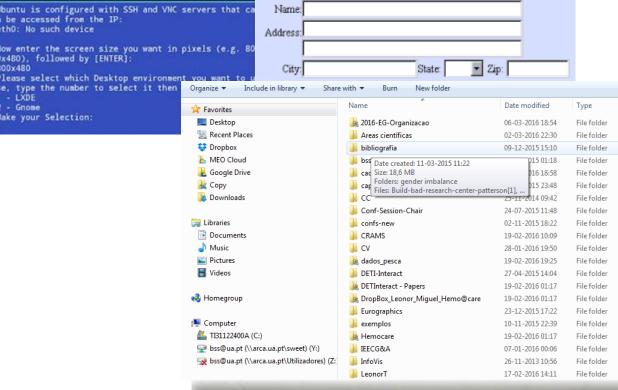
No such device

00x480

LXDE Gnose

lake your Selection:

- Menus
- Fill-in-forms •
- **Direct manipulation** •
- Function keys
- Question and answer
- Command languages
- Natural languages
- **3D** interfaces •
- Multimodal interfaces...
- Often two or more styles are used simultaneously





Fill in forms

Endereço 🛃 http://www.omeda.com/cgi-win/cgw.cgi?ADD

BUSINESS ADDRESS (Required)

denotes a required field in this business address block.

First Name	Beatriz
Last Name	Sousa Santos
Title	
Company	
Street Address	
Department/Mail	
Stop	
City	
State/Province	Select State/Province
Zip/Postal Code	
	USA/U.S. Military: Enter Zip +4 code without the hyphen (e.g. 123456789)
	CANADA: Enter postal code per usual (e.g. A1B 2C3)
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E-mail Address	
	You may receive renewal reminders and other correspondence from Computer Graphics World magazine via e-mail. If you do not want to
	receive correspondence from other PennWell publications and conferences,
	please check here. 🗖
	You may receive subscription renewal notices via e-mail. If you do not want
	to receive other business related third-party offer, please check here. \Box

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- Fill in forms are particularly useful for routine, clerical work or for tasks that require much data entry
- The concept already existed long ago
- They were first used as as the only style in a UI
- Currently they are often used with other styles





Main advantages and disadvantages

Advantages (potential)

- Self-explanatory
- Recognition instead of recall
- Allow many different inputs (unlike menus)
- Give context and guide the user
- New functionality is visible (unlike command languages)

Disadvantages

- Imply knowledge of valid inputs
- Error prone
- Not very flexible
- Consume screen space

User profile to whom fill-in-forms are adequate:

Knowledge and experience:

- Moderate or high typing skill
- High or moderate task experience
- Moderate or low application experience
- Moderate to high computer literacy

Task characteristics:

- Moderate to high frequency of use
- Low trainning
- Highly structured task

Fill in form design: relevant aspects

- Organization and layout
- Titles and fields
- Input formats
- Instructions and help
- Navigation
- Error handling

Fill in form design: guidelines

Avoid unfamiliar layouts

Example:

Zip code: Name: Country: Address: City:

Better:

Name:

Address:

Zip code:

City:

Country:

Alignment of titles

	Not a good solution		
Name:			
Title:			
Rank:			
Telephone r	number:		

Name:	
Title:	
Rank:	
Ľ	Better solutions
Nam	e:
Title	
	k:
Telephone number:	

Provide a menu when possible inputs are known

Pagamentos					
Pagamentos:	Telemóveis 🖌				
Conta Activa:	0925000500900 - Depósito à Ordem - Avenida 💌				
Tipo Serviço:					
	TMN				
Referência:					
N° Contribuinte:	Preenchimento obrigatório se pretender número de factura.				
Montante:	5,00 EUR				
	OK <u>Cancelar</u>				

Differentiate titles and fields; do not show the cursor over fields

Show which fields are mandatoty

.: Audio/Multimédia > Apontadores Multimédia	Mbit.pt > Registo de Clientes	Área Cliente
> Auscultadores/Microfones		Nome do utilizador:
> Colunas de som		Herrie de Galegoer
> Emissores FM	Username*	
» Leitores de Mp3	opername	
> Placas de Som		Passwords
> WebCams	Password*	
: Caixas ATX/Fontes		
> Barebones	December 1	
➤ Caixas ATI	Password*	OK
> Fontes		
: Câmaras Digitais	Nome*	
> Acessórios	W83/07	Registar
> Cámaras	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
> Cartões de Memória	Email*	Recuperar Password
: Captura de TV/Video	089207.	
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> Piacas de TV	N.º de Contribuinte*	
CD/DVD		
> Bolsas	Morada*	Informação
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> DVD/R/RW	Código Postal*	Lojas para o servir!
: Computadores		cojas para o serva.
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➤ Configurações Mbit	Telefone*	
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> Discos Externos		124424-000
> Discos IDE		Top Yendas
> Discos p/ Portáteis	1	
> Discos SCSI	• • • voltar	

Often indicated by *

Input format must be familiar and clear

Better:

Date:_____

(eg. 1/12/2000)

Date:___/_/___

(eg. 1/ 12 /2000)

Date:_____

(e.g. 01122000)

Time:_____

(eg. 8-15)

Time:____-

(e.g. 08-15)

Time:_____

(e.g. 0815)

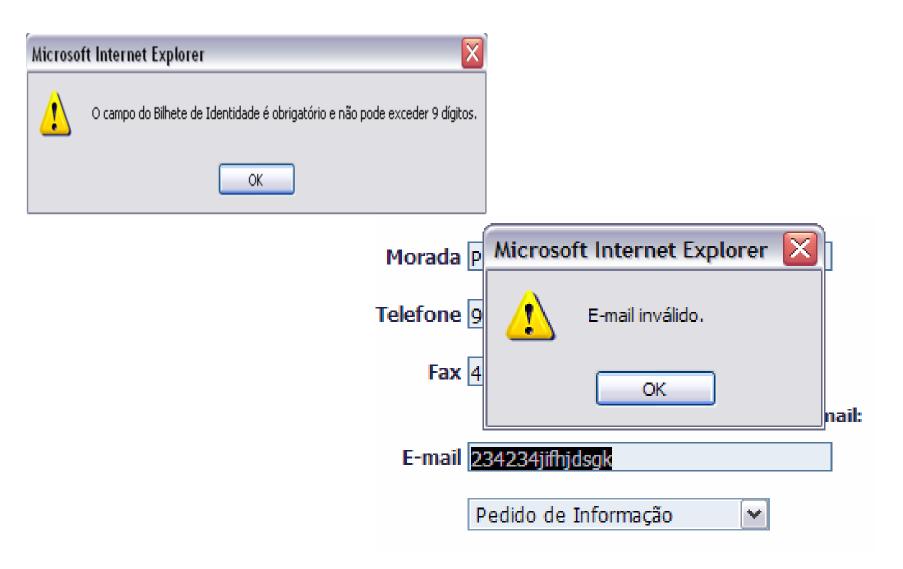
Card#:_____

(eg. 123456789012)

Instructions to fill the fields should be clear

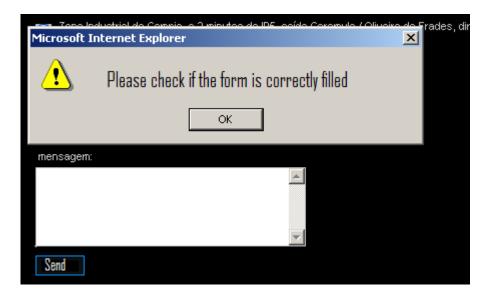
Headers:	Show brief headers on incoming messages (recommended)
	Show all headers on incoming messages
Font Size: (plain text only)	Normal 💌
Screen Width:	70 characters (range: 50 - 99 chars.)
(viewing plain text mail)	This is the maximum line length of your incoming messages. The default value is 72 .
Screen Width:	70 characters (range: 50 - 99 chars.)
(composing plain text mail)	This is the maximum line length of your outgoing messages. The default value is 55.
Security:	Block HTML graphics in email messages from being downloaded [what's this?]
	Warn me about sending information outside Yahoo!

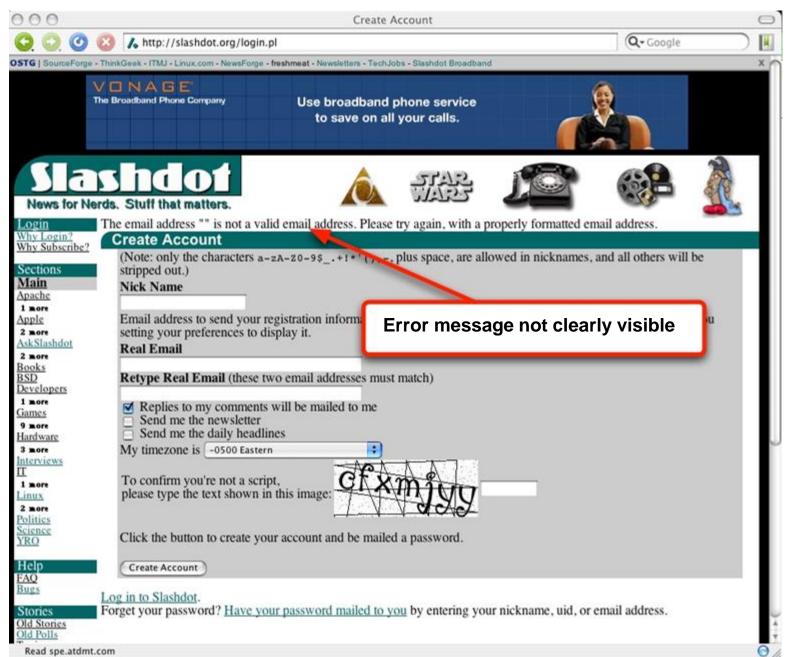
Examples of clear error messages:



Messages not clear, nor helpful







Function keys

- Two types:
 - Hard Keys Always invoke the same functionality (as the keys of a calculator and some specific keys of PCs)
 - Soft Keys invoke different functionality according the context of use (as the keys (F1...Fn) and the generic keys of an Automated Telling Machine, e.g. Multibanco)
- PCs have 12 generic Keys (F1 a F12) and a few other specific keys

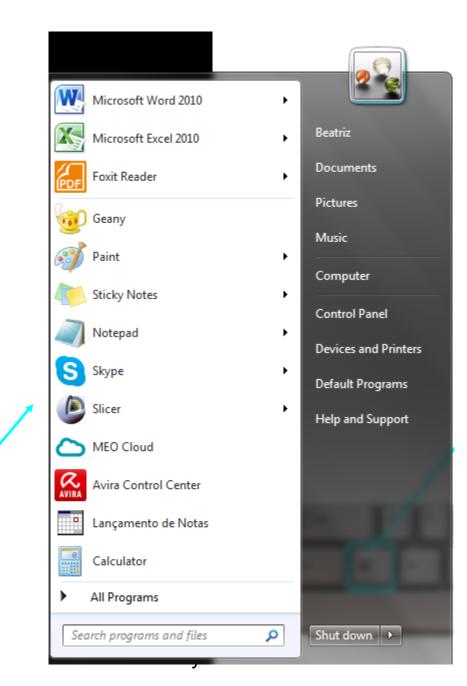


Keys that invoke specific functionality in PCs and MACs



Hard Keys

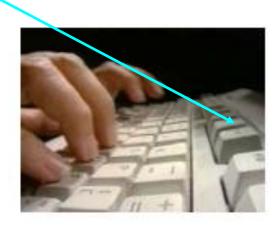
f shin



Generic function keys – Soft Keys

Its value may be programmed

To increase learnability their value should be explained on the screen



My Function Keys (Not Registered)			
File Help			
💿 Nonei 🔿 Crtl 🔿 Shift			
F1 F2 F3 F4	F5 F6 F7 F8	F3 F10 F11 F12	
Execute On Startup			

Main advantages and disadvantages

Advantages (potential)

- Self-explanatory
- Recognition instead of recall
- Easy to use
- Flexible
- Require little or no screen real estate

Disadvantages

- Limited number of keys
- Hardware expansions are expensive

User profile to whom function keys are adequate:

Knowledge and experience:

- High or moderate task experience
- Moderate application experience

Task characteristics:

- Low to high frequency of use
- Low training or no training

Use:

- free space
- different size, color and shape to different groups
- category groups
- clear and distinctive names

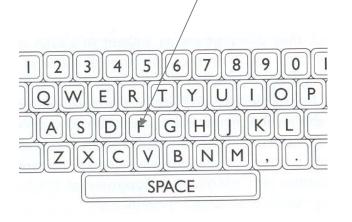
IND CON HOM PAS NEX CO	
Alpha Keys	$(x) \rightarrow (x)$ $(x) $
ESC Space Bar	GO DEC SEA COL

Better:

ERS INS RPL	
Alpha Keys	PAG
Space Bar	5

Keys with serious consequences should not be easy to activate (e.g. ctrl Alt Del)

Often used keys should be near the "home row"



IND CON HOM PAS NEX CO	OM COP CAN (CEN
Alpha Keys	
	(REP) (EXI) (PAG)
(ESC) Space Bar	GO (DEC) (SEA) (COL)
	JUD MAC (SEA) (UL)

Better:

ERS INS RIP.	
Alpha Keys	PRV SRC GO NXT T PAG + HOM +
Space Bar	

Command languages

cd /tmp echo "line 1 line 2 line 4" > tmp1\$\$ echo "line 2 line 3" > tmp2\$\$ diff tmp1\$\$ tmp2\$\$ rm tmp1\$\$ tmp2\$\$ Enter command: (Press RETURN for Help) >Copy

Enter source file name: (Press RETURN for Help)

>

Enter source volume name: (Press RETURN for current volume: DJMVol:)

>

Enter source filename: (FFFFFFFF.EEE:) >Memo.txt

Command languages shall also be designed as to be as usable as possible

Main advantages and disadvantages

Advantages (potential)

- Powerful
- Flexible
- Efficient
- Do not take much screen real estate

Disadvantages

- Difficult to learn
- Not self-explainable
- Error prone
- Improvements are not visible

User profile to whom Command languages are adequate

Knowledge and experience:

- •High task experience
- •High application experience
- •High computational literacy
- •High typing skill

Task characteristics:

High usage frequency Formal training

Relevant issues in Command Language design

- Semantics
- Syntax
- Lexicon
- Interaction

Design guidelines

Balance richness and minimalism (similar to semantic distance in direct manipulation)

Examples :

Rich	Minimal
Delete	Delete
Insert Replace	Insert
Copy	Copy
Move	Delete
Rename Delete	

Use a coherent syntaxe

Use a natural and easy to remember action-object grammar

Uncoherent syntaxe

search filea volb.
open filea volb.
list all lines with "KO".

or

s filea volb. o filea volb. lal "KO". Allow the following interaction features:

- Defaults
- Command edition
- Intelligent interpretation
- Type-ahead
- Feedback
- Help and documentation
- Make the language "user tailorable"

Example of intelligent interpretation:

"delate": did you mean "delete"? Y or N

Example of a (complex) command with defaults

Is - Linux man page

Name

Is - list directory contents

Synopsis

Is [OPTION]... [FILE]...

Description

List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default). Sort entries alphabetically if none of **-cftuvSUX** nor **--sort**.

Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.

-a, --all

do not ignore entries starting with .

-A, --almost-all

do not list implied . and ..

--author

with -I, print the author of each file

-b, --escape

print octal escapes for nongraphic characters

You don't need to use all arguments; there are default values

-d, --directory

list directory entries instead of contents, and do not dereference symbo

-D, --dired

generate output designed for Emacs' dired mode

-f

do not sort, enable -aU, disable -ls --color

-F, --classify

append indicator (one of */=>@|) to entries

--file-type

likewise, except do not append '*'

--format=WORD

across -x, commas -m, horizontal -x, long -I, single-column -1, verbose

--full-time

like -I --time-style=full-iso

-g

like -I, but do not list owner

--group-directories-first

group directories before files.

augment with a --sort option, but any

use of --sort=none (-U) disables grouping

-G, --no-group

in a long listing, don't print group names

-h, --human-readable

with -I, print sizes in human readable format (e.g., 1K 234M 2G)

--si

likewise, but use powers of 1000 not 1024

-H, --dereference-command-line

follow symbolic links listed on the command line

Etc., etc., etc.

45

Natural language

Note: It still is not possible to maintain A conversation with a computer as in 2001 A Space Odyssey

- Communication between humans and computers through natural language involves:
 - recognition
 - generation
- Natural languages as dialog style are not full blown natural languages, they are restricted natural languages
- Natural languages (as dialog style) differ in "habitability" (how easy and natural is it for users)

Note:

natural language as a dialog style and voice interaction are different things!



- Habitability (mismatch between the users' expectations and the capabilities of a natural language) is related to the language domains:
 - Conceptual the set of objects and actions provided by the language
 - Functional what may be directly expressed by the language
 - Syntactic syntactic forms that may be understood
 - Lexical the variety of words that may be understood

• Conceptual model limitations are not very disturbing; however, limitations in any other domain make the language less habitable

Example:

 Imagine an information system of a University including a data base with information about employees that may be accessed using a natural language:

- Conceptual domain: information about employees

- The question "What is the salary of the University Restaurant manager?" may be out of the functional domain and imply two questions due to functional domain limitations:

- "Who is the University Restaurant manager?" (answer: Mr. XXX)
- "What is the salary of Mr. XXX?"

- "What is the salary of Mr. XXX?" may not be recognized (due to syntactic domain limitations) even if the information is stored in the DB

- "What are the wages of Mr. XXX?" may not be recognized due to lexical domain limitations if wages does not belong to the lenguage

Main advantages and disadvantages of Natural Language dialog style

Advantages (potential)

- Powerful
- Flexible
- Efficient

Disadvantages

- Assume problem domain knowledge
- Imply clarification dialogs
- Imply typing skills (if written)
- Improvements are not visible
- May create unrealistic expectations, foster irresponsible behaviours and generate negative reactions
- Difficult and expensive to implement

Knowledge and experience

High tasks experience Low application experience Low computer literacy High typing skill (if written)

Task characteristics

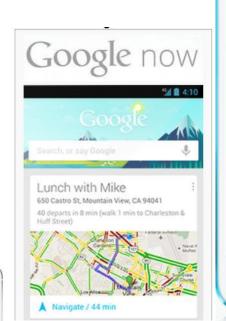
Low frequency of use No or little training Optional use

Current example

Mobile phone intelligent personal assistants

- Siri for Apple's iOS
- Google Now (2012)







A few Design guidelines

• Provide a (restrict) natural language habitable in all domains

• Define a subset of a (real) natural language using the Wizard of Oz method

• Generate valid outputs concerning the four domains (e.g. always use words that the system recognizes

Wizard of Oz prototyping

- A prototype that only works by having someone behind-the-scenes "pulling the levers and flipping the switches" (named after the classical film)
- A user interacts with an interface without knowing that the responses are



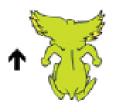
The "wizard" was a "man behind-the-scene" <u>http://www.usabilityfirst.com/glossary/</u>



Example of using the Wizard of Oz method in other situations



- Definition of a set of gestures to use in a game







Höysniemi, J., Hämäläinen, P., Turkki, L., and Rouvi, T. 2005. "Children's intuitive gestures in vision-based action games". *Commun. ACM* 48, 1, Jan. 2005, 44-50

Wizard of Oz @ HCI-UA-2013

Paulo Dias, T. Sousa, J. Parracho, I. Cardoso, A. Monteiro, Beatriz Sousa Santos "Student Projects Involving Novel Interaction with Large Displays", IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications, vol.34, no.2, Mar.-Apr. 2014, pp.80-86

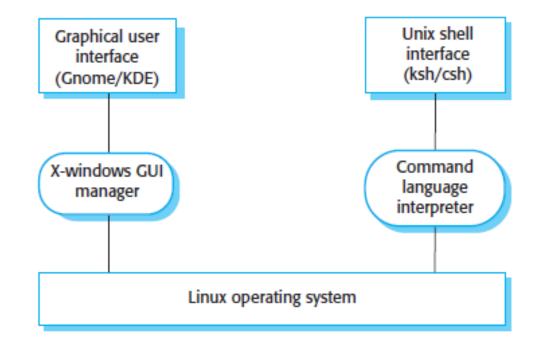
Used to get insight on what gestures might be more intuitive to control a Pac-Man game



Main advantages and disadvantages of interaction styles

Interaction style	Main advantages	Main disadvantages	Application examples
Direct manipulation	Fast and intuitive interaction Easy to learn	May be hard to implement Only suitable where there is a visual metaphor for tasks and objects	Video games CAD systems
Menu selection	Avoids user error Little typing required	Slow for experienced users Can become complex if many menu options	Most general-purpose systems
Form fill-in	Simple data entry Easy to learn Checkable	Takes up a lot of screen space Causes problems where user options do not match the form fields	Stock control Personal Ioan processing
Command language	Powerful and flexible	Hard to learn Poor error management	Operating systems Command and control systems
Natural language	Accessible to casual users Easily extended	Requires more typing Natural language understanding systems are unreliable	Information retrieval systems

Multiple user interfaces example



(Sommerville, 2010, chap.29)

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